

Secon Term Test -1

Name: Class: 3/.....



The building company Hong Kong Housing is building a new suburb in Shanghai, a city with a population of more than 15 million people. But this suburb is not like other parts of Shanghai. <u>It</u> is a little piece of England. The name of the new area is "English Town". The manager of Hong Kong Housing, Shi Guangsheng, says many people in this area of China want to buy an English house and live in an English town.

"This town is like Bristol or Chester. There is an English square and there are pigeons to feed like in Trafalgar Square, London. There are four English-style pubs and you can buy English beer to drink. There is a canal and you can row a boat there like in Cambridge."

Are there any cricket fields? "No, there aren't any places to play cricket because nobody in Shanghai can play this game. But there is a football stadium like <u>those</u> in England. And the thing we are very proud of is our shopping street. There are several shops where you can buy traditional English food like fish and chips or Christmas Pudding."

The rich Shanghai businessman_ can do some gardening too. For every house in "English Town", there is an English lawn and there are long gardens with ponds and tall hedges.

But there is one problem. The houses in this part of town cost a minimum of \$400,000!

I. Comprehension (7spts)

A- Read the text and answer these questions (3pts)

1.	How many people live in Shanghai?
2.	Why "English Town" is not like other parts of Shanghai?
3.	What's the only problem with houses in English Town?
B-	Are these statements True or False. Correct the false ones.(2pts)
1.	The houses in English Town are only for English people to buy.
2.	The English pubs look like pubs in Cambridge.
3.	There aren't any Cricket fields in the English Town.
4.	Shi Guangsheng feels annoyed about the English-style shops.
	<u>C-What do the underlined words in the text refer to? (2pts)</u>

- 1- <u>It</u>:.....
- 2- <u>those</u>:

II. language: (8pts)

A-	Circle the correct words (2.5pts)	
1-	A: I've just realized. I haven't got any money.	
	B: Haven't you? Well, don't worry. I'll lend / I'm going to lend you some.	
2-	A: What would you like to eat?	
	B: I'll have / I'm going to a pizza please.	
3-	A: Has Dan decided what to do when he leaves school?	
	B: Yes, Everything is planned .He will go / he is going to go on holiday for a few weeks. Then he'll do /	
	he's going to do a management training course.	
4-	I feel a bit hangry. I think I'll have / I'm going to have sometinhg to eat.	
B-	Put the verbs between brackets in the correct form (full infinitive, bare infinitive or ing form) (2pts).	
1.	She's so busy. She'd love (have) more free time.	
2.	Jonathan is looking forward to (learn) English .	
3.	Does your brother enjoy (play) computer games?	
4.	My sister is going to (get) married next summer.	
C- Complete these sentences with words from the list given: hectic - multicultural – herbal –disaster –		
<u>c</u>	delighted – improve – democratic – enormous .(2.5pts)	
1-	Life in big cities such as London and New York is really	
2-	She was when she passed her final exams.	
3-	Our neighbour has got an house, it's really breathtaking.	
4-	You must your abilities to get a better job.	
5-	Paris is really a Paris is really a	
D-	- <u>Complete the following sentences with the correct phrasal verbs: go over – look up</u> (1pts)	
1-	If you don't know what that word means Jenckens, it i.	
2-	I can't understand what you are talking about with this design. Can we	

III. writing:(5pts)

Write a aragraph describing a town that you have visited once and liked indeed.